

| | | | | |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| 1 | (i) | 2 | B1 for one soln | 4 |
| | (ii) $y = (x - 2)^2 - 4$ or $y = x^2 - 4x$ o.e. isw | 2 | M1 if y omitted or for $y = (x + 2)^2 - 4$ or $y = x^2 + 4x$ o.e. | |

| | | | | |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| 2 | (i) translation of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ | 1 | | 4 |
| | | 1 | or '2 to the right' or ' $x \rightarrow x + 2$ ' or 'all x values are increased by 2' | |
| | (ii) $y = f(x - 2)$ | 2 | 1 for $y = f(x + 2)$ | |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|--|---|------------|--|---|
| 3 | (i) | | graph of cubic correct way up | B1 | B0 if stops at x -axis | must not have any ruled sections; no curving back; condone slight 'flicking out' at ends but not approaching a turning point; allow max on y -axis or in 1st or 2nd quadrants; condone some 'doubling' or 'feathering' (deleted work still may show in scans) |
| | | | crossing x -axis at $-3, 2$ and 5 | B1 | on graph or nearby; may be in coordinate form | allow if no graph, but marked on x -axis condone intercepts for x and / or y given as reversed coordinates |
| | | | crossing y -axis at 30 | B1 | mark intent for intersections with both axes or $x = 0, y = 30$ seen if consistent with graph drawn | allow if no graph, but eg B0 for graph with intn on y -axis nowhere near their indicated 30 |
| | | | | [3] | | |
| 3 | (ii) | | correct expansion of two of the linear factors | M1 | may be 3 or 4 terms | condone lack of brackets if correct expansions as if they were there |
| | | | correct expansion and completion to given answer, $x^3 - 4x^2 - 11x + 30$ | A1 | must be working for this step before given answer | or for direct expansion of all three factors, allow M1 for $x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x^2 - 5x^2 - 6x - 15x + 10x + 30$, condoning an error in one term, and A1 if no error for completion by stating given answer |
| | | | | [2] | | |

| Question | | Answer | Marks | Guidance | Question |
|----------|-------|---|---|--|---|
| 3 | (iii) | translation $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -36 \end{pmatrix}$ | B1 B1 [2] | 0 for shift or move etc without stating translation or 36 down, or -36 in y direction oe | 0 if eg stretch also mentioned if conflict, eg between '-36 in y direction' and wrong vector, award B0 0 for '-36 down' |
| 3 | (iv) | $-1 - 4 + 11 - 6 = 0$ attempt at division by $(x + 1)$ as far as $x^3 + x^2$ in working correctly obtaining $x^2 - 5x - 6$ factorising the correct quadratic factor $x^2 - 5x - 6$, that has been correctly obtained $(x - 6)(x + 1)^2$ oe isw | B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 [5] | or B1 for correct division by $(x + 1)$ or for the quadratic factor found by inspection, <u>and</u> the conclusion that no remainder means that $g(-1) = 0$ or inspection with at least two terms of three-term quadratic factor correct; or finding $f(6) = 0$ or $(x - 6)$ found as factor for factors giving two terms of quadratic correct or for factors ft one error in quadratic formula or completing square; M0 for formula etc without factors found for those who have used the factor theorem to find $(x - 6)$, M1 for working with cubic to find that $(x + 1)$ is repeated condone inclusion of '= 0' | NB examiners must use annotation in this part; a tick where each mark is earned is sufficient M0 for trials of factors to give cubic unless correct answer found with clear correct working, in which case award the M1A1M1A1 allow for $(x - 6)$ and $(x + 1)$ given as factors eg after quadratic formula etc isw roots found, even if stated as factors just the answer $(x - 6)(x + 1)^2$ oe gets last 4 marks |

| | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| 4 | <p>(i)(A) sketch of cubic correct way up and with two tps, crossing x-axis in 3 distinct points</p> <p>crossing x axis at 1, 2.5 and 4</p> <p>crossing y axis at -20</p> | <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> | <p>0 if stops at x-axis; condone not crossing y-axis</p> <p>intersections labelled on graph or shown nearby in this part; mark intent for intersections with both axes (eg condone graphs stopping at axes)</p> <p>or $x = 0, y = -20$ seen in this part if consistent with graph drawn</p> | <p>No section to be ruled; no curving back; condone slight 'flicking out' at ends; condone some doubling (eg erased curves may continue to show)</p> <p>allow 2.5 indicated by graph crossing halfway between their marked 2 and 3 on scale; allow if no graph but 0 if graph inconsistent with values</p> <p>allow if no graph, but eg B0 for graph with intn on +ve y-axis or nowhere near their indicated -20</p> |
| 4 | <p>(i)(B) correct expansion of two brackets</p> <p>correct interim step(s) multiplying out linear and quadratic factors before given answer</p> <p>or</p> <p>showing that 1, 2.5 and 4 all satisfy $f(x) = 0$ for cubic in $2x^3 \dots$ form</p> <p>comparing coeffs of eg x^3 in the two forms</p> | <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>or</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> | <p>or M2 for all 3 brackets multiplied at once, showing all 8 terms (M1 if error in one term): $2x^3 - 8x^2 - 2x^2 - 5x^2 + 8x + x + 20x - 20$</p> <p>or</p> <p>M1 for dividing $2x^3 \dots$ form by one of the linear factors and M1 for factorising the resultant quadratic factor</p> | <p>eg M1 for $(2x - 5)(x^2 - 5x + 4)$</p> <p>condone missing brackets if intent clear /used correctly</p> |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| 4 | (ii)(A) $250 - 375 + 165 - 40$ isw | B1 | or showing that $x - 5$ is a factor by eg division and then stating that $x = 5$ is root or that $g(5) = 0$ | ' $2 \times 125 + 15 \times 25 + 33 \times 5 - 40$ ' is not sufft or $[g(5) =] f(5) - 20 = 5 \times 4 \times 1 - 20 [= 0]$ |
| 4 | (ii) ($x - 5$) seen or used as linear factor division by $(x - 5)$ as far as $2x^3 - 10x^2$ seen in working $2x^2 - 5x + 8$ obtained isw | M1 M1 A1 | may be in attempt at division or inspection/equating coefficients with two terms correct eg $(2x^2 \dots + 8)$ eg may be seen in grid; condone $g(x)$ not expressed as product | allow if seen in (ii)(A) for division: condone signs of $2x^3 - 10x^2$ changed for subtraction, or subtraction sign in front of first term |
| 4 | (ii)(C) $b^2 - 4ac$ used on their quadratic factor $(-5)^2 - 4 \times 2 \times 8$ oe and negative [or -39] so no [real] root [may say only one [real] root, thinking of $x = 5$] | M1 A1 | may be in formula [or allow 2 marks for complete correct attempt at completing square and conclusion, or using calculus to show min value is above x -axis and comment re curve all above x -axis] | no ft for A mark from wrong quadratic factor condone error in working out -39 if correct unsimplified expression seen and neg result obtained $-5^2 - 4 \times 2 \times 8$ evaluated correctly with comment is eligible for A1 , otherwise bod for the M1 only |
| 4 | (iii) translation $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -20 \end{pmatrix}$ | B1 B1 | NB 'Moves' not sufficient for this first mark or 20 down; | B0 for second mark if choice of one wrong, one right description |